

BOOTSTRAPPING

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Repeated sampling

- "Repeated sampling" is a conceptual framework that underlies almost all of statistics
 - Repeatedly draw random samples of the same size from a population
 - For each sample, compute the mean
 - The distribution of the sample mean converges to a Normal distribution
- Repeated sampling doesn't happen in reality
 - Data are difficult and expensive to collect
 - You get your data, and that's pretty much it
- Repeated sampling can happen on a computer

Bootstrapping

- Hard to overstate how important and useful bootstrapping is in statistics
- Idea is to mimic repeated sampling with the one sample you have
- Your sample is draw at random from your population
 - You'd like to draw more samples, but you can't
 - So you draw a bootstrap sample from the one sample you have
 - The bootstrap sample has the same size as the original sample, and is drawn with replacement
 - Analyze this sample using whatever approach you want to apply
 - Repeat

Why bootstrap?

- The repeated sampling framework often provides useful theoretical results under certain assumptions and / or asymptotics
 - Sample means follow a known distribution
 - Regression coefficients follow a known distribution
 - Odds ratios follow a known distribution
- If your assumptions aren't met, or your sample isn't large enough for asymptotics, you can't use the "known distribution"
- Bootstrapping gets you back to repeated sampling, and uses an empirical rather than a theoretical distribution for your statistic of interest

Coding the bootstrap

- Bootstrapping is a natural application of iterative tools
- Write a function (or functions) to:
 - Draw a sample with replacement
 - Analyze the sample
 - Return object of interest
- Repeat this process many times
- Keeping track of the bootstrap samples, analyses, and results in a single data frame organizes the process and prevents mistakes

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